Accountancy (Code No. 055) Class-XII (2019-20)

Theory: 80 Marks

Project: 20 Marks

Units			Periods	Marks
Part A	Accounting for N	lot-for-Profit Organizations, Partnership Firms and		
	Companies			
	Unit 1. Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations			10
	Unit 2. Accounting	for Partnership Firms	90	30
	Unit 3. Accounting	for Companies	35	20
			150	60
Part B	Financial Statem	ent Analysis		
	Unit 4. Analysis of	f Financial Statements	30	12
	Unit 5. Cash Flow	Statement	20	8
			50	20
Part C	Project Work		20	20
	Project work will include:			
	Project File	4 Marks		
	Written Test	12 Marks (One Hour)		
	Viva Voce	4 Marks		
	I			
Part B	Computerized A	ccounting		
	Unit 4. Computerized Accounting			20
Part C	Practical Work	20	20	
	Practical work will include:			
	Practical File 4 Marks			
	Practical Examination 12 Marks (One Hour)			
	Viva Voce 4 Marks			

3 Hours

Part A: Accounting for Not-for-Profit Organizations, Partnership Firms and Companies

Units/Topics	Learning Outcomes			
Not-for-profit organizations: concept.	After going through this Unit, the students will be			
Receipts and Payments Account: features	able to:			
and preparation.	 state the meaning of a Not-for-profit 			
Income and Expenditure Account: features,	organisation and its distinction from a profit			
preparation of income and expenditure	making entity.			
account and balance sheet from the given	 state the meaning of receipts and payments 			
receipts and payments account with	account, and understanding its features.			
additional information.	develop the understanding and skill of			
Scope:	preparing receipts and payments account.			
(i) Adjustments in a question should not exceed 3 or 4	state the meaning of income and expenditure			
in number and restricted to subscriptions,	account and understand its features.			
consumption of consumables and sale of assets/ old	develop the understanding and skill of			
material.	preparing income and expenditure account			
(ii) Entrance/admission fees and general donations	and balance sheet of a not-for-profit			
are to be treated as revenue receipts.	organisation with the help of given receipts			
(iii) Trading Account of incidental activities is not to be	and payments account and additional			
prepared.	information.			

Unit 1: Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations

Unit 2: Accounting for Partnership Firms

Units/Topics	Learning Outcomes			
Partnership: features, Partnership Deed.	After going through this Unit, the students will be			
Provisions of the Indian Partnership Act 1932	able to:			
in the absence of partnership deed.	• state the meaning of partnership, partnership			
 Fixed v/s fluctuating capital accounts. 	firm and partnership deed.			
Preparation of Profit and Loss Appropriation	describe the characteristic features of			
account- division of profit among partners,	partnership and the contents of partnership			
guarantee of profits.	deed.			
Past adjustments (relating to interest on	discuss the significance of provision of			
capital, interest on drawing, salary and profit	Partnership Act in the absence of partnership			
sharing ratio).	deed.			
Goodwill: nature, factors affecting and	differentiate between fixed and fluctuating			
methods of valuation - average profit, super	capital, outline the process and develop the			
profit and capitalization.	understanding and skill of preparation of			
	Profit and Loss Appropriation Account.			
Note: Interest on partner's loan is to be treated as a	develop the understanding and skill of			

charge against profits.

Goodwill to be adjusted through partners capital/ current account or by raising and writing off goodwill (AS 26)

Accounting for Partnership firms - Reconstitution and Dissolution.

- Change in the Profit Sharing Ratio among the existing partners - sacrificing ratio, gaining ratio, accounting for revaluation of assets and reassessment of liabilities and treatment of reserves and accumulated profits. Preparation of revaluation account and balance sheet.
- Admission of a partner effect of admission of a partner on change in the profit sharing ratio, treatment of goodwill (as per AS 26), treatment for revaluation of assets and reassessment of liabilities, treatment of reserves and accumulated profits, adjustment of capital accounts and preparation of balance sheet.
- Retirement and death of a partner: effect of retirement / death of a partner on change in profit sharing ratio, treatment of goodwill (as per AS 26), treatment for revaluation of assets and reassessment of liabilities, adjustment of accumulated profits and reserves, adjustment of capital accounts and preparation of balance sheet. Preparation of loan account of the retiring partner.
- Calculation of deceased partner's share of profit till the date of death. Preparation of deceased partner's capital account and his executor's account.
- Dissolution of a partnership firm: meaning of dissolution of partnership and partnership firm, types of dissolution of a firm. Settlement of accounts - preparation of realization

preparation profit and loss appropriation account involving guarantee of profits.

- develop the understanding and skill of making past adjustments.
- state the meaning, nature and factors affectin goodwill
- develop the understanding and skill of valuation of goodwill using different methods.
- state the meaning of sacrificing ratio, gaining ratio and the change in profit sharing ratio among existing partners.
- develop the understanding of accounting treatment of revaluation assets and reassessment of liabilities and treatment of reserves and accumulated profits by preparing revaluation account and balance sheet.
- explain the effect of change in profit sharing ratio on admission of a new partner.
- develop the understanding and skill of treatment of goodwill as per AS-26, treatment of revaluation of assets and re-assessment of liabilities, treatment of reserves and accumulated profits, adjustment of capital accounts and preparation of balance sheet of the new firm.
- explain the effect of retirement / death of a partner on change in profit sharing ratio.
- develop the understanding of accounting treatment of goodwill, revaluation of assets and re-assessment of liabilities and adjustment of accumulated profits and reserves on retirement / death of a partner and capital adjustment.
- develop the skill of calculation of deceased partner's share till the time of his death and prepare deceased partner's executor's account.
- discuss the preparation of the capital

account, and other related accounts: capital	accounts of the remaining partners and the			
accounts of partners and cash/bank a/c	balance sheet of the firm after retirement /			
(excluding piecemeal distribution, sale to a	death of a partner.			
company and insolvency of partner(s)).	understand the situations under which a			
Note:	partnership firm can be dissolved.			
(i) The realized value of each asset must be given at	develop the understanding of preparation of			
the time of dissolution.	realisation account and other related			
(ii) In case, the realization expenses are borne by a	accounts.			
partner, clear indication should be given regarding the				
payment thereof.				

Unit-3 Accounting for Companies

Units/Topics	Learning Outcomes			
Accounting for Share Capital	After going through this Unit, the students will be			
Share and share capital: nature and types.	able to:			
Accounting for share capital: issue and	state the meaning of share and share capital			
allotment of equity and preferences shares.	and differentiate between equity shares and			
Public subscription of shares - over	preference shares and different types of			
subscription and under subscription of	share capital.			
shares; issue at par and at premium, calls in	understand the meaning of private placement			
advance and arrears (excluding interest),	of shares and Employee Stock Option Plan.			
issue of shares for consideration other than	explain the accounting treatment of share			
cash.	capital transactions regarding issue of			
Concept of Private Placement and Employee	shares.			
Stock Option Plan (ESOP).	develop the understanding of accounting			
Accounting treatment of forfeiture and re-	treatment of forfeiture and re-issue of			
issue of shares.	forfeited shares.			
Disclosure of share capital in the Balance	describe the presentation of share capital in			
Sheet of a company.	the balance sheet of the company as per			
	schedule III part I of the Companies Act			
Accounting for Debentures	2013.			
• Debentures: Issue of debentures at par, at a	explain the accounting treatment of different			
premium and at a discount. Issue of	categories of transactions related to issue of			
debentures for consideration other than cash;	debentures.			
Issue of debentures with terms of	develop the understanding and skill of writing			
redemption; debentures as collateral security-	of discount / loss on issue of debentures.			
concept, interest on debentures. Writing off	understand the concept of collateral security			
discount / loss on issue of debentures.	and its presentation in balance sheet.			
	develop the skill of calculating interest on			

Note: Discount or loss on issue of debentures to be	debentures and its accounting treatment.			
written off in the year debentures are allotted from	state the meaning of redemption of			
Security Premium Reserve (if it exists) and then from	debentures.			
Statement of Profit and Loss as Financial Cost (AS	develop the understanding of accounting			
16).	treatment of transactions related to			
Redemption of debentures-Methods: Lump	redemption of debentures by lump sum, draw			
sum, draw of lots.	of lots and Creation of Debenture			
Creation of Debenture Redemption Reserve.	Redemption Reserve.			
Note: Related sections of the Companies Act, 2013				
will apply.				

Part B: Financial Statement Analysis

Unit 4: Analysis of Financial Statements

Units/Topics	Learning Outcomes			
Financial statements of a Company:	After going through this Unit, the students will be			
Statement of Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet in	able to:			
prescribed form with major headings and sub	develop the understanding of major headings			
headings (as per Schedule III to the Companies Act,	and sub-headings (as per Schedule III to the			
2013)	Companies Act, 2013) of balance sheet as			
	per the prescribed norms / formats.			
Note: Exceptional items, extraordinary items and	state the meaning, objectives and limitations			
profit (loss) from discontinued operations are	of financial statement analysis.			
excluded.	discuss the meaning of different tools of			
• Financial Statement Analysis: Objectives,	'financial statements analysis'.			
importance and limitations.	develop the understanding and skill of			
Tools for Financial Statement Analysis:	preparation of comparative and common size			
Comparative statements, common size	financial statements.			
statements, cash flow analysis, ratio analysis.	state the meaning, objectives and			
Accounting Ratios: Meaning, Objectives,	significance of different types of ratios.			
classification and computation.	develop the understanding of computation of			
Liquidity Ratios: Current ratio and Quick	current ratio and quick ratio.			
ratio.	develop the skill of computation of debt equity			
• Solvency Ratios: Debt to Equity Ratio, Total	ratio, total asset to debt ratio, proprietary ratio			
Asset to Debt Ratio, Proprietary Ratio and	and interest coverage ratio.			
Interest Coverage Ratio.	develop the skill of computation of inventory			
Activity Ratios: Inventory Turnover Ratio,	turnover ratio, trade receivables and trade			
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio, Trade	payables ratio and working capital turnover			

Payables Turnover Ratio and Working	ratio.
Capital Turnover Ratio.	develop the skill of computation of gross
• Profitability Ratios: Gross Profit Ratio,	profit ratio, operating ratio, operating profit
Operating Ratio, Operating Profit Ratio, Net	ratio, net profit ratio and return on investment.
Profit Ratio and Return on Investment.	

Note: Net Profit Ratio is to be calculated on the basis of profit before and after tax.

Unit 5: Cash Flow Statement

Units/Topics	Learning Outcomes			
Meaning, objectives and preparation (as per	After going through this Unit, the students will			
AS 3 (Revised) (Indirect Method only)	be able to:			
	state the meaning and objectives of cash flow			
Note:	statement.			
(i) Adjustments relating to depreciation and	develop the understanding of preparation of			
amortization, profit or loss on sale of assets including	Cash Flow Statement using indirect method			
investments, dividend (both final and interim) and tax.	as per AS 3 with given adjustments.			
(ii) Bank overdraft and cash credit to be treated as				
short term borrowings.				
(iii) Current Investments to be taken as Marketable				
securities unless otherwise specified.				

Note: Previous years' Proposed Dividend to be given effect, as prescribed in AS-4, Events occurring after the Balance Sheet date. Current years' Proposed Dividend will be accounted for in the next year after it is declared by the shareholders.

Project Work

Note: Kindly refer to the Guidelines published by the CBSE. The comprehensive project may contain simple GST calculations.

OR

Part B: Computerised Accounting

Unit 3: Computerised Accounting

Overview of Computerised Accounting System

- Introduction: Application in Accounting.
- Features of Computerised Accounting System.
- Structure of CAS.
- Software Packages: Generic; Specific; Tailored.

Accounting Application of Electronic Spreadsheet.

- Concept of electronic spreadsheet.
- Features offered by electronic spreadsheet.
- Application in generating accounting information bank reconciliation statement; asset accounting; loan repayment of loan schedule, ratio analysis
- Data representation- graphs, charts and diagrams.

Using Computerized Accounting System.

- Steps in installation of CAS, codification and Hierarchy of account heads, creation of accounts.
- Data: Entry, validation and verification.
- Adjusting entries, preparation of balance sheet, profit and loss account with closing entries and opening entries.
- Need and security features of the system.

Database Management System (DBMS)

- Concept and Features of DBMS.
- DBMS in Business Application.
- Generating Accounting Information Payroll.

Part C: Practical Work

Please refer to the guidelines published by CBSE.

Prescribed Books:		
Financial Accounting -I	Class XI	NCERT Publication
Accountancy -II	Class XI	NCERT Publication
Accountancy -I	Class XII	NCERT Publication
Accountancy -II	Class XII	NCERT Publication
Accountancy – Computerised Accounting System	Class XII	NCERT Publication

Guidelines for Project Work in Accounting and Practical work in computerised Accounting Class XII CBSE Publication

Suggested Question Paper Design Accountancy (Code No. 055) Class XII (2019-20)

Theory: 80 Marks Project: 20 Marks 3 hrs.

S N	Typology of Questions	Objective Type/ MCQ 1 Mark	Short Answer I 3 Marks	Short Answer II 4 Marks	Long Answer I 6 Marks	Long Answer II 8 Marks	Marks
1	Remembering : Exhibit memory of previously learned material by recalling facts, terms, basic concepts, and answers.	5	1	1	1	-	18
2	Understanding: Demonstrate understanding of facts and ideas by organizing, comparing, translating, interpreting, giving descriptions, and stating main ideas	5	1	1	1	1	26
3	Applying : Solve problems to new situations by applying acquired knowledge, facts, techniques and rules in a different way.	5	-	2	1	-	19
4	Analysing and Evaluating: Examine and break information into parts by identifying motives or causes. Make inferences and find evidence to support generalizations.	5	-	1	-	1	17
	Present and defend opinions by making judgments about information, validity of ideas, or quality of work based on a set of criteria.						
	Creating: Compile information together in a different way by combining elements in a new pattern or proposing alternative solutions.						
	TOTAL	20x1=20	2x3=6	5x4=20	3x6=18	2x8=16	80 (32)

There will be **internal choice** in questions of 3 marks, 4 marks, 6 marks and 8 marks. All questions carrying 8 marks will have an internal choice.

Note: The Board has introduced Learning Outcomes in the syllabus to motivate students to constantly explore all levels of learning. However these are only indicative. These do not in any way restrict the scope of questions asked in the examinations. The examination questions will be strictly based on the prescribed question paper design and syllabus.